

Matl	hematics	Grad	le 2
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Mathematics Grade 2					
Shape and Space (SS)					
Outcome	1 - Beginning The student is having difficulty demonstrating an understanding of the concept.	2 – Approaching The student is developing an understanding of the concept.	3 – Meeting The student consistently demonstrates an understanding of the concept or has achieved the concept.	4- Exemplary The student independently demonstrates an in-depth understanding of the concept, and consistently applies this knowledge to new situations.	
SS2.1 Demonstrate understanding of non-standard units for linear measurement by:	 With help, I can choose a non-standard unit for length. 	 I can choose a non- standard unit for length. 	 I can choose a non- standard unit for length and defend my choice. 	 I can choose more than one non-standard unit for length and defend my choices. 	
 describing the choice and appropriate use of non- standard units estimating measuring 	• With help, I can estimate length using non-standard units.	 I can estimate length using at least one non- standard unit 	 I can estimate length using non-standard units. 	 I can explain strategies to estimate length using non-standard units. 	
 comparing and analyzing measurements. 	• With help, I can measure an object using a non-standard unit.	 I can measure an object using a non-standard unit. 	 I can accurately measure an object using a non-standard unit. 	 I can accurately measure an object using a non- standard unit and explain my process. 	
Comments:	• With help, I can use one non-standard unit to compare length or put the objects in order.	 I can use one non- standard unit to compare length OR put the objects in order. 	 I can use one non- standard unit to compare length AND put the objects in order. 	 I can use more than one non-standard unit to compare length AND put the objects in order. 	



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 SS2.2 Demonstrate understanding of non-standard units for measurement of mass by: describing the choice and appropriate use of non-standard units estimating measuring comparing and analyzing measurements 	• With help, I can choose a non-standard unit for mass.	 I can choose a non- standard unit for mass. 	• I can choose a non- standard unit for mass and defend my choice.	• I can choose more than one non-standard unit for mass and defend my choice.
	• With help, I can estimate mass using at least one non-standard unit.	 I can estimate mass using at least one non- standard unit. 	 I can estimate mass using non-standard units. 	 I can explain strategies to estimate mass using non-standard units.
	 With help, I can measure the mass of an object using a non- standard unit. 	 I can measure the mass of an object using a non- standard unit. 	 I can accurately measure the mass of an object using a non- standard unit. 	 I can accurately measure the mass of an object using a non-standard unit and explain my process.
	• With help, I can use one non-standard unit to compare mass OR put the objects in order.	• I can use one non- standard unit to compare mass OR put the objects in order.	 I can use one non- standard unit to compare mass AND put the objects in order. 	• I can use more than one non-standard unit to compare mass AND put the objects in order.
Comments:	the objects in order.	the objects in order.	the objects in order.	the objects in order.



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 With help, I can name the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid. 	 I can name some of the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid. 	 I can describe many attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, AND pyramid. 	 I can name the attributes of a 3-D shapes that is not a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, and pyramid. 		
• With help, I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid.	 I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid. 	• I can compare the attributes of cubes, spheres, cones, cylinders, AND pyramids and tell about them.	 I can compare the attributes of 3-D shapes that are not a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, and pyramid, and tell about them. 		
 With help, I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes. 	 I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes. 	• I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes AND explain the sorting rule.	 I can sort 3-D objects by more than two attributes and explain the sorting rule. 		
• With help, I can construct one 3-D object.	 I can construct one 3-D object. 	 I can construct one 3-D object AND tell about it. 	 I can construct more than one 3-D object and tell about the models. 		
	Shap 1 - Beginning The student is having difficulty demonstrating an understanding of the concept. • With help, I can name the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid. • With help, I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid. • With help, I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes. • With help, I can construct one 3-D	 1 - Beginning The student is having difficulty demonstrating an understanding of the concept. With help, I can name the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid. With help, I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid. I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid. I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes. I can construct one 3-D I can construct one 3-D 	Shape and Space (SS)1 - Beginning The student is having difficulty demonstrating an understanding of the concept.3 - Meeting The student is developing an understanding of the concept.3 - Meeting The student consistently demonstrates an understanding of the concept.• With help, I can name the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid.• I can name some of the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid.• I can describe many attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR pyramid.• With help, I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid.• I can compare the attributes of a cube, sphere, cone, cylinder, OR a pyramid.• I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes.• With help, I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes.• I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes.• I can sort 3-D objects by two attributes.• With help, I can construct one 3-D• I can construct one 3-D object.• I can construct one 3-D object.		



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SS2.4 Describe, compare, and construct 2-D shapes, including: • triangles • squares	I can name given examples of triangles, squares, rectangles and circles.	 I can name examples of triangles, rectangles, squares and circles and describe a few attributes of some of the shapes. 	• I can describe examples of triangles, rectangles, squares and circles around me.	• I can describe examples of triangles, rectangles, squares and circles around me, group them and explain the reasons for the groupings.
rectanglescircles.	 With help, I can sort 2D triangles, squares, rectangles and circles 	 I can sort 2D triangles, squares, rectangles or circles. 	 I can compare 2D triangles, squares, rectangles AND circles by naming several attributes. 	 I can compare 2D triangles, squares, rectangles and circles used in a composite model using their attributes.
	• I can make a 2D shape model of a few of the shapes including triangles, rectangles, squares or circles.	 I can make a 2D shape model of most of the shapes including triangles, rectangles, squares OR circles. 	 I can make a 2-D shape model of each of the following shapes: triangles, rectangles, squares AND circles. 	 I can make 2D shape models that include triangles, rectangles, squares and circles and tell about their differences and similarities.
Comments	-	·		-



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		thematics Grade 2		Julie 2020
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SS2.5 Demonstrate understanding of the relationship between 2-D shapes and 3-D objects.	• With help, I can explain a few similarities OR differences of pre-sorted objects and shapes.	 I can explain a few similarities OR differences of pre-sorted objects and shapes. 	 I can explain several differences AND similarities of pre-sorted objects and shapes. 	 I can explain many differences and similarities of pre-sorted objects and shapes.
	• With help, I can tell how a 2D shape is like a 3D object.	 I can tell how a 2D shape is like a 3D object. 	 I can identify 2D shapes (square, triangle, circle) that make up the faces of 3D shapes (cube, pyramid, sphere, cone, and cylinder) and can explain my thinking. 	 I can identify 2D shapes (square, triangle, circle) that make up the faces of 3D shapes (cube, pyramid, sphere, cone, and cylinder) I find in the environment, and can explain my thinking.
Comments				